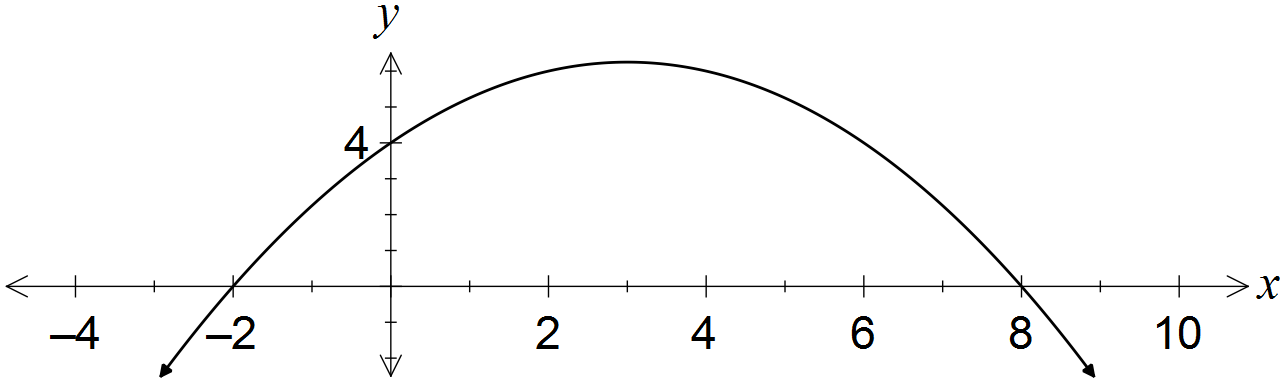
Question 1 (3, 2, 2, 4 = 11 marks)

(a) Part of the graph of  is shown below.



Determine the values of the coefficients a and b. (3 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses roots to express in factored form  ✓ uses y-intercept to find a  ✓ expands and states b |

(b) A quadratic has equation . Determine

(i) the coordinates of its turning point. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ completes square, or uses x=-b/2a  ✓ states coordinates |

(ii) the exact values of the zeros of the quadratic. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses quadratic formula or completes square  ✓ states both roots in exact form |

(c) Show if it is possible to bend a 12 cm length of wire to form the perpendicular sides of a right angled triangle with area 20cm? (4 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| Height = *x* , Base = *12-x*  *Area:*  *Discriminant =*    *There are no real solutions, indicating this situation is impossible.* |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ Use of and correctly.  ✓ Substituting into area of a triangle formula  ✓ Correct general formula  ✓ Use of discriminant to indicate no real solutions. |

Question 2 (8 marks)

(a) A circle of radius 5 has its centre at (6, -4).

(i) Determine the equation of this circle. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses standard circle form with correct radius  ✓ correct equation |

(ii) State, with justification, whether the point (9, -8) lies on the circle. (1 mark)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ substitutes point into equation from (a) and interprets |

(b) Determine the centre and radius of the circle with equation  .

(3 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| Hence centre at (2, -3) and radius 2 |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ factors x terms  ✓ factors y terms  ✓ states centre and radius |

(c) Find the equation of the curve drawn below. (3 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓  ✓  ✓ |

Question 3 (1.1.14) (2, 2, 2 = 6 marks)

A rectangular hyperbola has asymptotes with equation and .

1. Write two possible equations for this function

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| so a could be any number eg and |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓✓ two possible equations |

1. Write the equation of this function if it has a *y*-intercept at (0,5)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| so a=2 |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ substitutes correctly into equation  ✓a=2 |

1. Write the equation of this function if it passes through the point (3,5)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| so a=5 therefore y |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ substitutes correctly into equation  ✓ states equation |

Question 4 (1.1.24) (1, 2, 1, 2 = 6 marks)

1. Given
2. What type of correspondence does show? Circle one of the following.

Many-to-one One-to-many One-to-one

|  |
| --- |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ One to many |

1. If the domain of is , find the range of

|  |
| --- |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓✓ 24 |

1. Given
2. What is the largest possible value of .

|  |
| --- |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ 2 |

1. Determine the domain and range.

|  |
| --- |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓  ✓ |

Question 5 (1.1.24) (1, 1, 2, 2 = 6 marks)

Suppose .

1. Evaluate

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| ✓ |

1. Find a value of x such that does not exist.

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| ✓ |

1. Find in simplest form.

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓Substitute correctly  ✓ Answer |

1. Find *x* such that

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓Sets equation up correctly  ✓ Answer |